## C. 3 Repeated Measures ANOVA

A study was conducted to find the effect of yoga on lowering the total serum cholesterol level in newly diagnosed patients of hypercholesterolemia. Thirty patients were selected having total serum cholesterol between the $200 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{dl}$ to $250 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{dl}$ and not taking any drug to lower the cholesterol. Each subject was given yoga therapy for 3 months and cholesterol level measured at 5 time-points, namely, baseline, after 15 days, 1 month, 2 months, and 3 months. The objective of the study is to find overall effect of yoga on lowering the cholesterol level and whether the mean cholesterol level is significantly different from baseline to 15 days, 15 days to 1 month, and so on.

Command to run one factor repeated measures ANOVA:

```
GLMbaseline days_15 month_1 month_2 month_3
/WSFACTOR = cholesterol 5 repeated
/METHOD = SSTYPE(3)
/EMMEANS = TABLES(cholesterol) COMPARE ADJ(BONFERRONI)
/PRINT = DESCRIPTIVE
/CRITERIA = ALPHA(.05)
/WSDESIGN = cholesterol.
```

Observations at different time points are within subjects (WS) and have to be so specified in the above command. The command gives output for both univariate and multivariate analysis of the repeated measures analysis. It runs Mauchly test for sphericity by default and provides Huynth-Feldt correction for the degrees of freedom. The output gives certain other corrections also. The above command also asks for means at different time points and their Bonferroni comparison.

The following confirms 5 repeated measures within subjects (WS), and gives the mean and SD of total cholesterol level at different time points.
Within-Subjects Factors
Measure: MEASURE_1

| cholesterol | Dependent Variable |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | baseline |  |  |
| 2 | days_15 |  |  |
| 3 | month_1 |  |  |
| 4 | month_2 |  |  |
| 5 | month_3 |  |  |
| Descriptive Statistics |  |  |  |
|  | Mean | Std. Deviation | N |
| baseline | 226.67 | 14.337 | 30 |
| 1 1month | 222.13 | 13.733 | 30 |
| 2 2month | 218.27 | 13.318 | 30 |
| 3month | 213.83 | 13.613 | 30 |
| 6 6month | 206.57 | 13.234 | 30 |

The following table gives results of multivariate tests and shows there is significant $(P<0.001)$ difference in mean cholesterol levels at different time points.

## Multivariate Tests(b)

| Effect |  | Value | F | Hypothesis df | Error df | Sig. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| cholesterol | Pillai's Trace | .795 | $25.220(a)$ | 4.000 | 26.000 | .000 |
|  | Wilks' Lambda | .205 | $25.220(a)$ | 4.000 | 26.000 | .000 |
|  | Hotelling's Trace | 3.880 | $25.220(a)$ | 4.000 | 26.000 | .000 |
|  | Roy's Largest Root | 3.880 | $25.220(\mathrm{a})$ | 4.000 | 26.000 | .000 |

[^0]Mauchly test is significant as given in the following table. Sphericity assumption is violated.
Correction to the degrees of freedom is required.

## Mauchly's Test of Sphericity ${ }^{\text {b }}$

Measure: MEASURE_1

| Within Subjects Effect | Mauchly's W | Approx. Chi-Square | df | Sig. | Epsilon ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Greenhous e-Geisser | Huynh-Feldt | Lower-bound |
| cholesterol | . 154 | 51.310 | 9 | . 000 | . 559 | . 608 | . 250 |

a. May be used to adjust the degrees of freedom for the averaged tests of significance. Corrected tests are displayed in the Tests of Within-Subjects Effects table.
b. Design: Intercept

Within Subjects Design: cholesterol

Huynth-Feldt correction to the dfs is 0.608 . With this correction, the numerator degree of freedom of $F$-test is $4 \times 0.608=2.432$ and denominator degree of freedom is $116 \times 0.608=70.528$. These automatically come in the following table although slightly different due to decimal approximation. This test finds significant difference in mean cholesterol level at time points.

## Tests of Within-Subjects Effects

Measure: MEASURE_1

|  |  |  | Type III <br> Sum of <br> Squares | df | Mean Square | F |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


|  | Huynh-Feldt | 3354.040 | 70.549 | 47.542 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Lower-bound | 3354.040 | 29.000 | 115.657 |  |  |

Various types of comparisons can be made between time points. The following compares mean level at any time point with its value at preceding time point as per the objective of the study. All these are statistically highly significant $(P<0.001)$.

Tests of Within-Subjects Contrasts
Measure: MEASURE_1

|  | cholesterol | Type III Sum <br> of Squares | df | Mean Square | F | Sig. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| cholesterol | Level 1 vs. Level 2 | 616.533 | 1 | 616.533 | 21.872 | .000 |
|  | Level 2 vs. Level 3 | 448.533 | 1 | 448.533 | 16.774 | .000 |
|  | Level 3 vs. Level 4 | 589.633 | 1 | 589.633 | 27.878 | .000 |
| Error(cholesterol) | Level 4 vs. Level 5 | 1584.133 | 1 | 1584.133 | 38.805 | .000 |
|  | Level 1 vs. Level 2 | 817.467 | 29 | 28.189 |  |  |
|  | Level 2 vs. Level 3 | 775.467 | 29 | 26.740 |  |  |
|  | Level 3 vs. Level 4 | 613.367 | 29 | 21.151 |  |  |
|  | Level 4 vs. Level 5 | 1183.867 | 29 | 40.823 |  |  |

The following table shows the mean, SE and $95 \%$ confidence interval of cholesterol level at each time point.

## Estimated Marginal Means

## Estimates

Measure: MEASURE 1

|  |  |  | 95\% Confidence Interval |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| cholestrol | Mean | Std. Error | Lower Bound | Upper Bound |
| 1 | 226.667 | 2.618 | 221.313 | 232.020 |
| 2 | 222.133 | 2.507 | 217.005 | 227.261 |
| 3 | 218.267 | 2.432 | 213.294 | 223.240 |
| 4 | 213.833 | 2.485 | 208.750 | 218.917 |
| 5 | 206.567 | 2.416 | 201.625 | 211.508 |

The following table shows the comparison of mean cholesterol level at each time point with all other time points using Bonferroni adjustment.

## Painwise Comparisons

Measure: MEASURE 1

| (l) cholestrol | (J) cholestrol | Mean Difference (I-J) | Std. Error | Sig. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 95\% Confidence Interval for Difference ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Lower Bound | Upper Bound |
| 1 | 2 | 4.533* | . 969 | . 001 | 1.588 | 7.478 |
|  | 3 | 8.400* | 1.353 | . 000 | 4.289 | 12.511 |
|  | 4 | 12.833* | 1.690 | . 000 | 7.700 | 17.967 |
|  | 5 | 20.100* | 1.911 | . 000 | 14.295 | 25.905 |
| 2 | 1 | -4.533* | . 969 | . 001 | -7.478 | -1.588 |
|  | 3 | 3.867* | . 944 | . 003 | . 998 | 6.735 |
|  | 4 | 8.300* | 1.429 | . 000 | 3.959 | 12.641 |
|  | 5 | 15.567* | 1.690 | . 000 | 10.434 | 20.699 |
| 3 | 1 | -8.400* | 1.353 | . 000 | -12.511 | -4.289 |
|  | 2 | -3.867* | . 944 | . 003 | -6.735 | -. 998 |
|  | 4 | 4.433* | . 840 | . 000 | 1.882 | 6.984 |
|  | 5 | 11.700* | 1.465 | . 000 | 7.250 | 16.150 |
| 4 | 1 | -12.833* | 1.690 | . 000 | -17.967 | -7.700 |
|  | 2 | -8.300* | 1.429 | . 000 | -12.641 | -3.959 |
|  | 3 | -4.433* | . 840 | . 000 | -6.984 | -1.882 |
|  | 5 | 7.267* | 1.167 | . 000 | 3.723 | 10.811 |
| 5 | 1 | -20.100* | 1.911 | . 000 | -25.905 | -14.295 |
|  | 2 | -15.567* | 1.690 | . 000 | -20.699 | -10.434 |
|  | 3 | -11.700* | 1.465 | . 000 | -16.150 | -7.250 |
|  | 4 | -7.267* | 1.167 | . 000 | -10.811 | -3.723 |

Based on estimated marginal means
*. The mean difference is significant at the .05 level.
a. Adjustment for multiple comparisons: Bonferroni.

All differences are statistically significant. Yoga has been able to make a significant change in cholesterol level at each time point of observation as far as these data are concerned.

The following command prints the line and bar with $\pm 1 * \mathrm{SD}$ (Figure C.3):
GRAPH

```
    /LINE (SIMPLE) =MEAN (baseline) MEAN(days_15) MEAN(month_1) MEAN(month_2)
MEAN (month_3)
    /MISSING=LISTWISE
    /INTERVAL SD(1.0).
GRAPH
    /BAR(SIMPLE)=MEAN(baseline) MEAN(days_15) MEAN(month_1) MEAN(month_2)
MEAN (month_3)
    /MISSING=LISTWISE
    /INTERVAL SD(1.0).
```



FIGURE C. 3 Line and bar diagrams of mean TC at five time points


[^0]:    a Exact statistic
    b Design: Intercept
    Within Subjects Design: cholesterol

